

THE DAILY COMMONWEALTH.

VOL. 10.

FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY, MAY 13, 1861.

NO. 154.

THE TRI-WEEKLY COMMONWEALTH
Will be published every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, by
A. G. HODGES & COMPANY,
At FOUR DOLLARS PER ANNUM, payable in advance.

THE WEEKLY COMMONWEALTH, a large magazine, is published every Tuesday morning at TWO DOLLARS PER ANNUM, in advance. Our terms for advertising, either in the Tri-Weekly or Weekly Commonwealth, will be as liberal as in any of the newspapers published in the west.

The Frankfort Commonwealth.
A. G. HODGES & CO., PROPRIETORS.
J. H. JOHNSON, Editor.

The Proprietors of the Commonwealth, grateful for the generous patronage which has been bestowed upon them, are determined to furnish their patrons a journal which shall be unexcelled in any of the departments which comprise a first class newspaper.

Published at the Capital of the State, it will be enabled to furnish its readers with the latest intelligence of the actions of the higher courts and of the various departments of the State. It will also contain the latest telegraphic news of stirring events, and also of the New York, Cincinnati, Louisville and New Orleans markets.

In politics the Commonwealth will be conservative, occupying a middle and antagonistic ground in reference to the two extremes. The old parties broken up, and old issues virtually dead, the question at present is Union or disunion. The Commonwealth is for the Union, believing it to be the greatest safeguard for our rights, as well as our most effective auxiliary in our efforts to obtain redress for our wrongs. Its conductors do not regard disunion as a remedy for any of the wrongs of the South, but rather an aggravation. It will contend for the equality of the States in the Union, and for the absolute non-interference by Congress with the domestic affairs of the States and Territories.

We shall aim to make the Commonwealth an acceptable and appropriate fireside companion. It will contain selections from the choicest literature of the day, prose, poetry, &c.

The Weekly will be printed on extra double medium paper, in new and beautiful type. Terms, in advance, for the Tri-Weekly, \$4 per annum. Terms, for the Weekly \$2 per annum.

SETTLEMENTS!!

Everybody wants to make out their bills, and everybody can save a vast amount of labor by having nicely

PRINTED BILL HEADS.

THE
COMMONWEALTH OFFICE
JOB ROOMS

Turn out that class of Printing in the highest style of the art, and at the

VERY LOWEST PRICES.

August 8, 1860.

LAW BOOKS AND BLANKS,
FOR SALE
AT COMMONWEALTH OFFICE.

BOOKS.

MONROE & MARLAN'S DIGEST OF THE DECISIONS OF THE COURT OF APPEALS, 2 vols. Price \$10 00
REVISED STATUTES OF KENTUCKY, 1 vol. Price 5 00
DEBATES OF THE CONVENTION, 1 vol. Price 3 00
GUIDE TO JUSTICES, CLERKS, SHERIFFS, &c., by J. W. H. HANCOCK, 1 vol. Price 3 00
THE GENERAL ACTS OF Session 1856-6, Pamphlet form. Price 1 00
LOUGHBOROUGH'S DIGEST OF THE STATUTES, 1 vol. Price 8 00

BLANKS.

BLANKS FOR COUNTY COURT JUDGES of all kinds.
Price—50 cts. per quire.
JUSTICES' BLANKS—WARRANTS AND EXECUTIONS.
Price—50 cts. per quire.
CONSTABLES' SALE NOTICES, RECEIPTS, BONDS, &c.
Price—50 cts. per quire.
SHERIFFS' RECEIPTS, BONDS.
Price—50 cts. per quire.
CIRCUIT CLERKS' EXECUTIONS.
Price—50 cts. per quire.
BLANK CHECKS, on Branch Bank of Kentucky, at Frankfort, and Farmers Bank of Kentucky.
Price—75 cts. per quire.
BLANK DEEDS. Price—\$1 per quire.

Orders from a distance for any of the above named Books or Blanks will be promptly attended to when accompanied by the Cash; and if desired to be forwarded by mail, the postage will be prepaid upon the condition that it be returned by the person ordering the article to be sent by mail.

BOOK AND JOB PRINTING.

We are prepared to execute all kinds of Book, Pamphlet, and Job Work. In the neatest and best style, on short notice, and as low as any office will do similar work.

LAWYER'S BRIEFS

Printed in the very best and neatest manner, and on moderate terms.

BLANKS.

Clerks, Sheriffs, and all other kinds of Blanks, printed on short notice and moderate terms.

PRATHER & SMITH,
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
HATS, CAPS, STRAW GOODS
AND LADIES FURS,
429 Main Street, between Fourth and Fifth,
LOUISVILLE, KY.
Oct. 24, 1860—wtdwly.

LAW NOTICE.

JAMES B. CLAY. **THOS. B. MONROE, JR.**

CLAY & MONROE.

Will practice law in the United States, Circuit and District Courts held at Frankfort, and the Court of Appeals of Kentucky. Business confided to them will receive prompt attention.

Address Thos. B. Monroe, Secretary of State, Frankfort, or Clay & Monroe, office Short street, Lexington.

THOS. B. MONROE, JR.

Has been engaged to attend to the unfinished professional business of the late Hon. Ben. Monroe. Communications addressed to him at Frankfort will receive prompt attention.

April 9, 1860—wtdwly.

LYSANDER HOPD,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

FRANKFORT, KY.

PRACTICES Law in the Court of Appeals, Federal Court, and Franklin Circuit Court. Any business confided to him shall be faithfully and promptly attended to. His office is on St. Clair street, near the Branch Bank of Kentucky, where he may generally be found.

Frankfort, Jan. 12, 1859—wtdwly.

CRADDOCK & CRADDOCK,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

FRANKFORT, KY.

OFFICE on St. Clair street, next door south of the Branch Bank of Kentucky.

Will practice law in copartnership in all the Courts held in the city of Frankfort, and in the Circuit Courts of the adjoining counties.

Jan. 3, 1859—wtdwly.

FINNELL & CHAMBERS,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY.

OFFICE—West Side Scott St. bet. Third & Fourth Street.

COVINGTON, KENTUCKY.

February 22, 1860—wtdwly.

T. N. & D. W. LINDSEY,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY.

PRACTICES Law in all the Courts held in Frankfort, and the adjoining counties. Office on St. Clair street, four doors from the Bridge.

Jan. 3, 1859—wtdwly.

JOHN RODMAN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

FRANKFORT, KY.

PRACTICES in all the Courts held in Frankfort, and in Oldham, Henry, Trimble and Owen counties. Office on St. Clair street, near the Court House.

Oct. 23, 1853.

J. H. KINKEAD,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

GALLATIN, MO.

PRACTICES in the Circuit and other Courts of Missouri, and the Circuit Courts of the adjoining counties.

Office up stairs in the Gallatin Sun Office.

May 6, 1867—wtdwly.

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. J. G. KEENON.

HAVING permanently located in Frankfort, I tenders his professional services to the citizens of the town and vicinity.

Office on Main street, in Mansion House, 2nd door from corner.

[Aug. 29, 1860—wtdwly.]

ROBT. J. BRICKNORR,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

LEXINGTON, KY.

OFFICE on Short street between Limonstone and Upper streets.

May 23, 1859—wtdwly.

DENTAL SURGERY,

BY E. G. HAMBLETON, M. D.

HAS operations on the Teeth with directed skill by a scientific knowledge, both of Surgery and Medicine, thus being the only safe guide to uniform success. From this he is enabled to operate with far less pain to the patient void of danger. All work warranted; the workmanship will show for itself. Calls will be thankfully received.

Office at his residence on Main street.

Frankfort, May 27, 1853.

JOHN P. MORTON & CO.,

(SUCCESSORS TO MORTON & CROSWELL)

Booksellers, Stationers, Binders, and Book and Job Printers, Main Street, Louisville, Ky.

HAVE constantly on hand a complete assortment of Law, Medical, Theological, Classical, School, and Miscellaneous Books, at low prices. Paper of every description, quality, and price.

Colleges, Schools, and Private Libraries supplied at a small advance on cost. 177 N. 1st St. Ky.

[July 13, 1860—wtdwly.]

H. SAMUEL,

CITY BARBER, FRANKFORT.

Rooms under Commonwealth Office.

If you want your Hair Trimmed, Face Shaved, or your Head Shampooed, go to

H. SAMUEL'S BARBER SHOP.

Feb. 8, 1860.

COVE MILL FOR SALE.

SITUATED 1 1/2 miles North of Frankfort, on the Owsen turnpike road. For particulars apply to

R. C. STEELE.

August 5—wtdwly.

Telegraph Office Removed.

THE Telegraph Office in this city has been removed to the Freight Office of the Louisville, Frankfort, and Lexington Railroad depot. All persons having business with the office will please notice this change.

T. C. KYE, Agent.

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

WE HAVE ON HAND THE LARGEST and best assortment of CIGARS and TOBACCO ever brought to this city. A box of fine cigars makes a handsome Christmas or New Year's gift. Call and get them at

[Dec 21] GRAY & TODD'S.

JAMES SIMPSON **JOHN L. SCOTT.**
SIMPSON & SCOTT,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law.
FRANKFORT, KY.

Office adjoining Yeoman Building—The same heretofore occupied by John L. Scott.

JUDGE JAMES SIMPSON and **JOHN L. SCOTT** will hereafter practice law in partnership in the Court of Appeals and Federal Court at Frankfort. Judge Simpson will respectfully refer to all persons who have known him, either at the Bar or as Circuit Judge in early life, or more recently as Judge of the Court of Appeals of Kentucky. John L. Scott will refer to the persons heretofore referred to by him in his published cases.

All business in the Court of Appeals and Federal Court entrusted to this firm will receive faithful and prompt attention.

Mr. Scott resides in Frankfort, and may be found at all times at his office adjoining the Yeoman Building.

Just received, a supply of those celebrated "Ugues" and "Companys."

Garden Seeds.

A full assortment of Fitch, Ward & Co.'s celebrated Garden Seeds constantly on hand during the season.

Groceries.

Sugar, Coffee, Tea, Molasses, and everything in the grocery line of the best quality and at low prices.

Flour and Meal.

The best brands of Flour and Meal constantly on hand.

Family Supplies.

I have carefully selected from the best Groceries, Provisions, Liquors, &c. Also, Agricultural Implements, Garden and Field Seeds, Tobacco, and Cigars, &c., all of which are selected from the best sources and at the lowest prices.

I will pack up a quantity of my stock to insure safe delivery, and to meet the requirements of the season, but will sell to prompt customers payable in January, May, and September. Call and see me.

[See 4 wtdwly.] **W. H. KEENE.**

Proclamation by the Governor.

\$500 REWARD.

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY, Executive Department.

WHEREAS, it is represented to me that Thos. B. Judy, residing in the county of Jefferson, has been guilty of the crime of stealing from the Commonwealth of Kentucky, a sum of money to wit: Five Hundred Dollars, and has fled from justice, and is now going at large;

Now, therefore, I, **BERNARD MAGOFFIN**, Governor of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, do hereby offer a reward of Five Hundred Dollars for the apprehension of said Thos. B. Judy, and his delivery to the Jailor of Montgomery county within one year from the date hereof.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frankfort, this 13th day of March, A. D. 1861, and in the 60th year of the Commonwealth.

By the Governor, **B. MAGOFFIN.**

Thos. B. Monroe, Jr., Secretary of State.

DESCRIPTION.

The said Judy is 35 years old; six feet high, and well proportioned; of dark complexion; had whiskers when he left, and dresses neatly, though not exactly in trader style. mar 22—wtdwly.

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WHEREAS, it is represented to me that **JIM BROWN** (a slave) who killed and murdered Dr. W. A. Norwood, of Henderson county, on the 1st inst., has fled from justice, and is now going at large;

Now, therefore, I, **BERNARD MAGOFFIN**, Governor of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, do hereby offer a reward of Two Hundred and Fifty Dollars for the apprehension of said Jim Brown, and his delivery to the Jailor of Henderson county within one year from the date hereof.

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By the Governor, **B. MAGOFFIN.**

Thos. B. Monroe, Jr., Secretary of State.

By Jas. W. Tate, Assistant Secretary.

DESCRIPTION.

Jim Brown is about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, and weighs about 110 pounds; has a bushy beard, and whiskers under two chin; is of very dark brown color; eyes rather prominent, and smiling countenance. He is best-dressed, and when last seen was bareheaded, and dressed in a light-colored coat; is armed with a long rifled pistol, with the cock under the barrel.

The citizens of Henderson and Henderson county have also offered a reward of Three Hundred Dollars for his apprehension.

April 13, 1861—wtdwly.

GOOD NEWS.

The Union is Safe.

THE undersigned would respectfully inform the traveler, and public generally, that he has heard the FRANKLIN HOUSE, at the corner of the bridge, in South Frankfort, and is prepared to entertain, in the best manner, all who may choose to favor him with a call. Also, elegant rooms for the family, or those who may wish to journey in the Capital for a time—all at rates suited to the times.

ap 3 wtdwly. **J. V. B. VANALSDALE.**

MOSELEY'S

TUBULAR WROUGHT IRON

ARCH BRIDGES

AND CORRUGATED IRON ROOFS.

(REGISTERED PATENT.)

ARE cheap as wood, and our manufacture is capable of supply and demand. Corrugated Iron Sheets constantly on hand of all sizes, painted and ready for shipment, with full instructions for applying them.

Leave orders at No. 65 West Third Street, Cincinnati.

MOSELEY & CO.

April 2, 1860—wtdwly.

WANTED.

2,000 POUNDS LIVE GREEN FEATHERS.

For which I will pay the full market value as cash prices, for which I will be exchanged at cash prices.

A. G. CANNACK.

Dividend Notice.

FARMERS BANK OF KENTUCKY, Frankfort, Jan. 7, 1861.

A DIVIDEND of five per cent. on the capital stock of the Bank, payable on the 1st inst. of the last six months, was this day ordered by the Board of Directors, to be paid to the stockholders on demand.

J. B. TEMPLE, Cashier.

January 8, 1860—wtdwly.

NOTICE.

ALL those indebted to me, either by note or account, are notified to come to pay within ten days, or they will have to pay with interest.

H. S. SALPHEUS.

Artesian Well Water.

A SUPPLY always on hand at

SAMUEL'S BARBER SHOP.

April, 1860.

For Sale.

A Negro Woman, a New Carriage, and Jacks and Jennets.

I wish to sell at private sale a valuable NEGRO WOMAN, about 38 or 39 years of age, sound and healthy; a fine NEW CARRIAGE, which was made in Salem, Ohio, and has never been used; FOUR JACKS, one 4 years old negro, and the others younger; and FIFTEEN JENNETS, of different ages.

Good bargains will be given.

mar 18 wtdwly. **L. W. MACEY.**

CRANBERRIES

ONE barrel fresh Cranberries just received and for sale by

[see 21] **GRAY & TODD.**

W. H. KEENE,

Wholesale and retail Grocer and Dealer in all kinds of foreign and domestic liquors.

Corner of St. Clair and Wapping Streets, FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY.

Old Bourbon Whisky.

A well selected stock of old and new Bourbon Whisky—none better.

Cigars.

Just received, a supply of those celebrated "Ugues" and "Companys."

Garden Seeds.

A full assortment of Fitch, Ward & Co.'s celebrated Garden Seeds constantly on hand during the season.

Groceries.

Sugar, Coffee, Tea, Molasses, and everything in the grocery line of the best quality and at low prices.

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By Jas. W. Tate, Assistant Secretary.

DESCRIPTION.

THE COMMONWEALTH.

FRANKFORT.

J. H. JOHNSON, Editor.

MONDAY, MAY 13, 1861.

EIGHTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

For Congress:
JOHN J. CRITTENDEN.

DAILY SESSION COMMONWEALTH.

TERMS—FIFTY CENTS PER MONTH.

If any person should pay for a longer time than the session continues, the *Tri-weekly Commonwealth* will be sent long enough to make it up.

The *TRI-WEEKLY COMMONWEALTH* is published at Four Dollars per year, or Forty Cents per month.

The *WEEKLY COMMONWEALTH* is Two Dollars per year.

The *DAILY COMMONWEALTH* can be had at the counting-room at FIVE CENTS per single copy, or at THREE DOLLARS per hundred. Orders should be left at the office, or with the reporters, on the day before the publication of the particular number of the paper which is wanted.

The Yeoman of Saturday has a succession of duck fits about Lincoln's blockade of the Louisville and Nashville railroad. It repeatedly and frantically asks, "shall we submit to this hostile war measure?"

Now "this hostile war measure," (we regret that it was not a friendly "war measure,") consists simply in instructions contained in a general circular, addressed to all custom house officers, of course including the one at Louisville. There is not a single United States soldier at Louisville, nor is it in contemplation by the General Government to send one there during the present status of public affairs. So the great question is "shall we submit" to the circular of the Secretary of State? We should like to occupy a neutral ground. The Yeoman will not submit; so we may expect a bloody battle between that newspaper and Chase's paper circular.

If we don't submit, what then? Shall we bounce into that circular and tear it up, or how? Tell us, good Yeoman. Don't excite our passions, and raise our patriotism to the highest point, without suggesting some means giving it vent.

CONDITION OF THE NAVY—THE BLOCKADING FORCE.—The following ships are now nearly ready for sea:

VESSELS.	CUNS.	WHERE.	TIME REQUIRED.
Santee.....	50	Portsmouth.	Five weeks.
St. Lawrence.....	50	Philadelphia.	Three weeks.
Savannah.....	32	New York.	Eight weeks.
Jameson.....	20	Philadelphia.	Two weeks.
Vincennes.....	20	Boston.	Four weeks.
Marion.....	16	Portsmouth.	Six weeks.
Dale.....	16	Portsmouth.	Eight weeks.
Freble.....	16	Boston.	Two weeks.
Bainbridge.....	40	Boston.	Ready.
Colorado.....	40	Boston.	Nearly ready.
Minnesota.....	40	Boston.	Ready.
Wabash.....	40	New York.	Ready.
Pensacola.....	19	Washington.	Six months.
Mississippi.....	11	Boston.	Ready.

The blockading force under Capt. Stringham will consist of at least fifty war vessels, accompanied by sufficient steam transports for the accommodation of a land force 20,000 strong. Thus it will prove sufficient to make an efficient blockade of any inlet on the Southern coast into which any vessel drawing six feet of water might otherwise enter.

JOHN RODMAN, Esq.—The praise of this gentleman is on the tongue of every Union man in the Legislature. He is a champion in the Union cause, and on one or two occasions has unsheathed his blade, and created a great consternation among the members of the secession persuasion. He is more than a match for that secession "hoss" in the House of Representatives. (They have but one, and he exhibits evidence of being overworked every time he speaks.)

We feel proud of our Representative, and have a right to. Franklin county owes him much, and so does the State at large. As far as this county is concerned, we intend to get the debt renewed on the first Monday in August next.

The telegraph informs us that Capt. Lyon, of the United States army, at St. Louis, surrounded and took prisoners Gen. Frost's brigade of Missouri militia. A large quantity of arms and munitions of war that belonged to the United States were recovered. Capt. Lyon has 6,000 men and eight field pieces. Not a gun was fired by the troops. Gen. Frost's brigade was composed of secessionists.

The Yeoman calls upon the Legislature to protest against the "blockade" of the depot of the Louisville and Nashville railroad. Legislature, double up your fist, and protest against that circular. If that fails, send down a brigade of pontoons.

The 6th and 9th Districts.—We publish two letters to-day—from the 6th and 9th Districts. They are but specimens of those we are constantly receiving from all parts of the State. The people are thoroughly aroused, and will not submit to be dragged out of the Union. Mind that.

The Military bill came up, in the House of Representatives, and, after a good deal of discussion, was recommitted to the committee on Military Affairs, with instructions to report the substitute of Mr. Underwood, published in our issue of Saturday. This is better.

The Hon. HUMPHREY MARSHALL on Himself.—By request, we republish the remarks of the great secession Pumblechook, made in Congress in 1850. "Read and circulate."

Hon. Humphrey Marshall.

We notice that this distinguished gentleman is in our city. Those who would like to know Mr. Marshall's views upon the great question of Union or disunion, are referred to a speech made by him in Congress, the 3d of April, 1850, to be found on pages 409 and 410 of the Appendix to the Washington Globe, of that date. We make the following extract:

"To do any act which should dissolve the Union, would be to concentrate upon their heads the horrors which must attend such a scene. My mind refuses to contemplate the transformation of Kentucky in the event of such a catastrophe. I look back upon her origin, a wilderness—upon her present, a garden—upon her future, the very centre and heart of a glorious and mighty nation, claiming sympathy in the successes or reverses of its remotest extremities, with all the pride and devotion of filial affection. Amid her green woods, cities have risen, where enterprise and toil garner wealth, from growing commerce. Upon her fertile fields, industry sows with the assurance of abundance in the harvest. Amid her cottages, the merry shout of innocence is heard, and in her churches the prayers of pious age. Peace tinkles on the shepherd's bell and sings among her reapers. Her homes are the abodes of plenty, and the fires of patriotism still burn up on her altars. Were this Union lost, the bugle would wake the echoes from her hills, and the martial drum would sound along her valleys—the pruning-hook would be exchanged for the sword—the church would be turned into a barracks—her fields would be trodden by the feet of soldiers, instead of farmers, and her frontiers would constantly bristle with bayonets for protection or aggression. It is for her a proposition to exchange the smiles of peace for the frowns of war—prosperity for adversity—abundance for desolation. I have seen war upon the face of one country, and whether forced be an 'army of occupation,' or of invasion, I know that the presence of an army is a stern and awful calamity. I am a native of Kentucky. Never by of mine will she be made the Belgium, upon whose bosom is to be repeated in America the contests of rival nations. I behold her interests plainly. I know her people intimately. Her voice strikes upon my ear from beyond the mountains with the authority of parental command. She is true to the Union. When her assembly is inscribed upon the marble from her quarry, fashioned for the monument to the Father of his country, 'Under the auspices of Heaven and the precepts of Washington, Kentucky will be the last to give up the Union,' they only engraved upon the stone the undoubted sentiment which throbs in every pulsation of her own great heart. Her delegation in this Congress, with unanimity, will lend the sentiment full and unequivocal approbation."

Letter from the Sixth District.

Mr. VERNON, Ky., May 10, 1861.

Editor Commonwealth: Since the appearance of the Governor's message, the people of the mountain region have become perfectly desperate, and will rise en masse at the first effort that is made to precipitate Kentucky into the vortex of ruin. They go upon the principle, (which I believe to be right,) that "United we stand," "Divided we fall." The "Union," their motto—they wait for the call; they will stand like the Patriots of seventy-six, and down on all traitors like a thousand of bricks; in defense of their flag alone in their cry, and in its defense they are willing to die. They pledge their honor and all that is dear, that to no other "motto" will they ever adhere. The State Guard have all withdrawn but two, and instead of their being the "Maggot Guard," they are now the "Union Guard." Yours, W. H. K.

Letter from Mt. Sterling.

Mr. STERLING, Ky., May 10th, 1861.

Editor Frankfort Commonwealth: DEAR SIR: The people of our section have become very much displeased with the course that our Governor is pursuing, and more especially with his last message to the State Legislature, and we have come to the conclusion that the only safe way for us to maintain our present loyal position, is for the people to take the matter into their own hands, and we will do it. We do not intend for our Governor to precipitate us into revolution, and all we want now is for a start to be made towards our Capital for our defense against all traitors and traitors. We intend to maintain our present position, and will never be rushed into civil war by traitors and traitors. If our Legislature should go into secret session, they will hear a knocking at the door. VOTERS.

No BLOCKADE AT CAIRO.—The Evansville Journal learns from the officers of the Charley Bowen, that the troops at Cairo have not commenced stopping provisions as yet. It was authorized to receive all the freight it could get, which it designs re-shipping on the Prince of Wales, a St. Louis and New Orleans boat.

GREENUP.—Whole number of votes cast 1,416; secession 15. 178 votes more than was cast in November.

KENTUCKY LEGISLATURE.

IN SENATE.

SATURDAY, MAY 11, 1861.

The Senate was opened with prayer by Rev. W. McD. ABBOTT, of the Methodist church.

The Journal of yesterday was read by the Clerk.

Mr. GIBSON, who has been detained at home by reason of sickness in his family, appeared in his seat to-day.

MESSAGE FROM THE H. R.

A message was received from the H. R., announcing the passage of a bill which originated in that House, in which they ask the concurrence of the Senate.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

The Senate resumed the consideration of the bill reported by the committee on Banks, "authorizing the suspension of specie payments by the banks of issue of this State."

Mr. ANDREWS moved that the bill be printed, and made the special order for Monday at 11 o'clock.

Mr. JOHNSON opposed the motion to print, and made it the special order for Monday.

Mr. ANDREWS replied to Mr. JOHNSON, and urged the printing and postponement.

The vote was taken on Mr. ANDREWS' motion by yeas and nays, and it was adopted by yeas 22, nays 15.

SPECIAL ORDER FOR 10 O'CLOCK.

A bill to suspend the circuit, and other courts in this Commonwealth, and for other purposes, was taken up.

The bill reads as follows, viz: 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, That all laws requiring circuit courts, equity and criminal courts, quarterly courts, justices' courts, and all courts of police and city, judges of towns and cities, except for the trial of criminal and penal cases, in this Commonwealth, be, and they are hereby repealed until the 1st day of January, 1862; Provided, That after the expiration of said time, said courts shall be held and governed by all the laws now in force; And, provided further, That all civil process of every kind, returnable or made returnable until the next regular terms of said courts after the 1st day of January, 1862; and nothing herein contained shall be construed so as to interfere in any manner whatever with the trial of criminal and penal cases in said courts at their regular terms, as though this act had not taken effect.

2. That all executions in this Commonwealth, which shall have been issued since the 1st day of January, 1861, up to the time this act takes effect, shall be returned, as soon as practicable after this act takes effect, to the office from which the same were issued, and forthwith re-issued and made returnable on the 1st day of March, 1862; and all executions hereafter issued in this Commonwealth, by the officers authorized to issue the same, shall be made returnable on the 1st day of March, 1862; and no officer or officers bringing suits in any of the courts aforesaid, and obtaining any previous remedy under existing laws; and judges and justices of the peace of said courts shall have power, under existing laws, to make any necessary order for the sale or preservation of attached property, or to enter any order authorizing the present laws for the distribution of any money whatever among the parties entitled to receive the same, in any case pending in any of said courts.

3. This act shall take effect from its passage.

Mr. WHITAKER offered the following amendment, which was adopted: Amend section 2d, by inserting after the word "property," Provided, That any lien which may have been acquired or created by the issuing of an execution shall not be released or impaired by return of said execution, but shall continue in full force on any subsequent execution, that may be issued. And, provided further, That this act shall not release the liability or responsibility of any assignor or assignors to his or their assignee or assignees on any assignment or transfer, or any note, bond or contract, or any surety or any contract on which suit has not been instituted, or on which judgment has not been rendered.

Mr. WHITAKER offered another amendment requiring the consent of obligors in replevin bonds, &c., in writing, before they have the benefit of this law: adopted.

Mr. DEHAVEN offered an amendment to make the provisions of the bill apply to the Court of Appeals.

A good deal of discussion on this amendment arose, in which Messrs. DEHAVEN, CISCHELL, WALKER, ALEXANDER, ANDREWS and FISK, took part.

The amendment of Mr. DEHAVEN was then rejected, by yeas 13, nays 21.

Mr. PENNEBAKER offered the following amendment, viz:

And be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall prevent the trial and trial of actions in the Louisville Chancery Court for the settlement of the estates of decedents, and the partition and distribution of such estates, for the settlement of all fiduciary accounts, and all other actions wherein provisional remedies and other relief, not involving the payment of money, are sought; nor to prevent the trial of any, and all cases, now pending in said court, the final process order or decree be subject to the restrictions contained in section 2 of this act.

Mr. FISK offered a substitute for Mr. PENNEBAKER'S amendment, as follows, viz:

That the several judges of the equity and circuit courts shall hold the terms of their several courts at the times and places fixed by law, for the purpose of the assignment of dower, for the making of partition of land, ordering the distribution of estates ratably amongst the creditors, and for the trial of actions of tort, action of forcible entry and detainer, and forcible detainer, and all cases between principal and agent, between trustee and cestui que trust, and between landlord and tenant, and for all other cases of law or equity where a decree or judgment for money is not to be rendered, and for the taking all proper steps for the preparation of cases in said courts, and for the making of all orders for the disposition of property or money in the custody of the court, or its effects.

Mr. CISCHELL opposed the substitute at length.

Mr. FISK replied to Mr. CISCHELL, and advocated the substitute.

Mr. ANDREWS briefly advocated the substitute.

Mr. PENNEBAKER replied briefly to Mr. FISK, and advocated his own amendment.

Mr. WHITAKER opposed both of the amendments, and offered a substitute for the two amendments, as follows:

That the several judges of the equity and circuit courts, shall hold the terms of their several courts at the times now fixed by law for the purpose of the assignment of dower, for the trial of cases of divorce, for the probate of wills, for the making of partition of land, ordering the distribution of estates ratably amongst the creditors, and for the trial of actions of tort, action of forcible entry and detainer, and forcible detainer, or a party is seeking to establish or compel by judgment or order of court title to land; and all cases between principal and agent, between trustee and cestui que trust, and for all other cases of law or equity where a decree or judgment for money is not to be rendered, and for the taking all proper steps for the preparation of cases in said courts.

Mr. JOHNSON advocated the bill at length.

Mr. WHITAKER'S substitute was then adopted.

Mr. ALEXANDER offered an amendment, allowing the holding of regular terms of courts in Boyle and Adair counties: rejected—yeas 10, nays 22.

Mr. ANDREWS moved to exempt the counties of Fleming, Rowan and Nicholas, from the provisions of the bill.

Mr. PENNEBAKER moved also to exempt the Louisville Chancery Court: accepted by Mr. ANDREWS.

The previous question was then ordered. The vote was then taken upon Mr. ANDREWS' amendment as amended by Mr. PENNEBAKER, and it was rejected—yeas 12, nays 22.

The vote ordering the previous question was reconsidered.

Mr. FISK moved to amend by allowing the December term, 1861, of the Kenton circuit court to be held: rejected—yeas 10, nays 24.

Mr. WHITAKER offered an amendment, requiring "all process to issue after March 1, 1862, as now provided for by law," adopted.

The previous question was ordered.

The bill was then ordered to be engrossed and read a third time.

Mr. ANDREWS moved that it be read a third time at 10 o'clock on Monday, and be printed: rejected—yeas 16, nays 18.

Mr. DENNY moved an adjournment: rejected—yeas 13, nays 21.

The bill was ordered to be printed, and referred to Messrs. RHEA, CISCHELL and WHITAKER, to report at 10 o'clock on Monday.

And then the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

SATURDAY, MAY 11, 1861.

Prayer by the Rev. B. T. LACY, of the Presbyterian church.

The reading of the Journal of yesterday was dispensed with.

BILLS PRESENTED.

Mr. McELROY—A bill for the benefit of Geo. Higginson, late constable of Union county: referred to Judiciary committee.

Mr. J. W. WHITE—A bill for the benefit of Thomas Johnson, of Montgomery county: passed.

Mr. WORD—A bill to change the line between the 1st and 2d voting precincts in Knox county: passed.

Mr. BURNAM—Corporations—A bill to incorporate the Hopkinsville oil and mining company: passed.

PETITIONS.

Were presented by the SPEAKER. Mr. UNDERWOOD, from upwards of three hundred ladies of Warren county, upon the subject of Kentucky's maintaining an armed neutrality; also two other petitions from citizens of Warren county; and appropriately referred.

RESOLUTION.

Mr. L. H. SMITH offered a joint resolution, to the General Assembly adjourn sine die on Wednesday, the 15th inst., which lies one day on the table.

BILLS PRESENTED.

Mr. STIVERS—A bill for the benefit of R. T. Benton, late sheriff of Estill county: passed—yeas 57, nays 26.

Mr. RODMAN—A bill to amend the charter of Frankfort: passed.

SPECIAL ORDER.

The House then took up the bill reported by the committee on Military Affairs, more fully to provide for the military defense of the State, together with the resolutions offered by Mr. UNDERWOOD, recommending the bill, with instructions.

[The bill and resolutions were published in the proceedings of the House of yesterday.]

After considerable discussion, in which Messrs. MACHEN, UNDERWOOD, LANNOM, HODGE, RODMAN and EWING took part,

The question was taken on the reference, without instructions, and it was decided in the affirmative—yeas 63, nays 32.

Mr. FINN moved to amend the third resolution of instruction, by inserting "not inconsistent with the military organization of the state, said home guard to be furnished with arms by the State; the present military law may be so amended as to make the home guard effective for home protection:" adopted.

Mr. BURNAM offered the following amendments to the instructions:

That the committee be also instructed to report in the bill the names of a suitable commission for the purchase and distribution of the arms, equipment and accoutrements of the militia.

Also, to append to the bill a section providing that no officer, soldier, or other person in the military service of the State shall be subject to arrest, trial and imprisonment, for refusing to execute, or for disobedience to any unlawful military order or command whatever.

A division of the question was called for, and the first clause was adopted—yeas 60, nays 34.

The second clause was rejected—yeas 42, nays 52.

Mr. EWING offered a substitute for the instructions as amended, directing the committee to report a bill appropriating \$2,500,000 for military purposes: rejected—yeas 43, nays 51.

The question was then taken on the adoption of Mr. UNDERWOOD'S instructions, as amended, and decided in the affirmative—yeas 49, nays 45.

And then the House adjourned.

THANKS.—We are indebted to V. Rose, the efficient Express messenger on the Louisville, Frankfort and Lexington Railroad, for late Charleston, New Orleans, and Memphis papers.

DIED.

In this city, Saturday morning, the 11th inst., SARA HUSTON, infant daughter of John M. Huston.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

SPRING OF 1861.

Bargains! Bargains!!
NEW GOODS.

T. S. & J. R. PAGE

ARE NOW IN RECEIPT OF THEIR USUAL ASSORTMENT OF

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.

We offer, on account of the times, great inducements in prices and styles.

Blasched Muslins, full yard wide, 12½¢.

do do do 8 & 10¢.

Heavy 10-4, 11-4, and 12-4 blasched Shirtings;

Linen Shirtings;

Pillow-slip and Irish Linens;

Heavy plaid Cottons;

Heavy Cottons;

Laws; Organdies;

Black Challis and Alpaca;

Striped Mousambique;

Plain and twisted English Barogis;

Chambries;

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

Hosiery and Gloves; Lace and embroidered Collars, and Laces of all Kinds.

A large and beautiful assortment of Glass and Queensware, cheap for cash.

GREAT INDUCEMENTS OFFERED

In Fancy Silks—10 per cent. below cost to close out stock.

CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES;

HOOP SKIRTS AND CORSETS.

Call and examine for yourselves, and you will have no need to visit cost houses for this season. We are determined not to be underbid.

Heavy Brown Cottons always at 10 cents.

ap37m. T. S. & J. R. PAGE.

RODGE KENNON.....J. L. GIBSON.

AN ELEGANT STOCK OF

STRAW GOODS,

JUST OPENED BY

KEENON & GIBBONS,

DEALERS IN

BOOKS & STATIONERY,

Hats, Caps, Straw Goods, Boots,

Shoes, Wall Paper, Carpet Bags, &c.,

UNBELLAS, &c., &c.

MAIN STREET, FRANKFORT, KY.

fe27 wktwly

TO CONSUMPTIVES AND THOSE AFFLICTED WITH DYSPEPSIA, NERVOUS DEBILITY, HEADACHE, FEVER AND AGUE, OR CONSTIPATION.—The undersigned, now seventy-five years old, has for years devoted his time to curing his Parishioners and the poor in New York of these dreadful complaints, which carry thousands and thousands to an untimely grave; he has seldom failed to cure all who have applied to him for relief, and believing it to be a Christian's duty to relieve those abroad, as well as at home, he will send to those who require it, a Copy of Prescriptions used, (free of charge) with directions for preparing and using the same. Also rules on Diet, Bathing, Ventilation, and Exercise for the Sick; they will find these remedies, a sure cure for Consumption, and all diseases of the Throat and Lungs, Fever and Ague, Constipation, Heart Disease, Dyspepsia, Nervous Debility, and Female Complaints, and he hopes every one afflicted will send for a copy, as it will cost nothing, and those suffering should apply before it is too late. These Prescriptions are used by the most eminent Physicians in London, Paris, and New York. Those wishing them will please address REV. DR. CHAMBERLAIN,

dec2 ly. Williamsburg, New York.

Coughs. The sudden changes of our climate are sources of PULMONARY, BRONCHIAL, and ASTHMATIC AFFECTIONS. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges, let the Cold, Cough, or Irritation of the Throat be ever so slight, as by this precaution a more serious attack may be effectually warded off. PUBLIC SPEAKERS AND SINGERS will find them effectual for clearing and strengthening the voice. See advertisement. no36-wktw6m.

MRS. WINSLOW,

An experienced Nurse and Female Physician, has a soothing Syrup for children teething, which greatly facilitates the process of teething by softening the gums and reducing all inflammation—will allay all pain, and is sure to regulate the bowels. Depend upon it mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and relief and health to your infants. Perfectly safe in all cases. See advertisement in another column.

June 6, 1860—1y.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

Having determined not to sell the Mansion House property for the present, I desire to rent the rooms in the first story of the building. They will be rented on very reasonable terms by the month.

Application can be made to JAMES R. PAGE, at the store of T. S. Page & Co., St. Clair st., or to THOS. S. PAGE

